Each round represents 6 seconds in the game world. Anything a person could reasonably do in 6 seconds, your character can do in 1 round.

### Move
- You don’t have to move.
- Your total distance moved can not exceed your speed.
- You can move before or after you take an action / or you can move first, take an action, then move again.
- Your move can include jumping, climbing, swinging, or moving any way that your character is capable of.

### Action
- You don’t have to take an action.
- You can attempt to do anything that could be accomplished in 6 seconds or less.
- The most common action taken in combat is the attack action. (Refer to “Combat Actions” on back of this sheet.)
- If your action permits multiple attacks, you can move between attacks if you have not exceeded your speed.

### Other Things You May Do on Your Turn

#### Interact with One Object
You can manipulate one object in an uncomplicated way. (i.e.):
- Draw or sheath a weapon
- Transfer item from one hand to the other
- Load crossbow
- Retrieve or put away a stored item
- Pick up an item
- Move an object
- Open a chest
- Open a door
Doing more than one of these things requires the use of an action.

#### Maybe a Bonus Action
A special ability, spell, or other feature of the game may allow you take an additional action, called a bonus action. You are only allowed one bonus action in a round. (i.e.)
- If you have a short sword in one hand and dagger in the other, after using your action to attack with the sword, you can use a bonus action to attack with the dagger (refer to the rules on two-weapon fighting.)

#### Do Other Simple Activities
Within reason, you can do things that take little or no time and don’t interfere with your movement. (i.e.):
- Drawing ammunition for use with a ranged weapon (such as arrows, bolts, sling bullets, or shuriken).
- Dropping an item to your feet or within 5 feet of your current location.
- Dropping to a prone position.
(Standing up from prone, however, takes half of your movement for the turn.)
- Speaking

#### Maybe a Reaction
A special ability, spell, etc. might allow you to react to a specific triggering event. You are only allowed one reaction in a round. Your reaction does not have to occur during your turn. If it occurs during another’s turn, his turn is suspended until your reaction is resolved. (i.e.)
- Wizard’s feather fall spell is triggered when the Wizard falls.
- If an opponent attempts to move past you or attacks you then attempts to move away - you get a free opportunity attack.

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If surprised, you lose your turn for the first round of combat. This includes losing use of any reaction for one round, measured from the beginning of combat until the start of your turn on round two.
COMBAT ACTIONS

During your turn in a combat round, you can perform any one of the following actions.

ATTACK
You can make one melee or ranged attack. Some features may allow you to make more than one attack with this action.

CAST A SPELL
You can cast any spell that you are capable of casting that has a listed casting time of one action.*

DASH
You spend the entire round moving. This allows you to move twice as far this round. It is effectively a double move action.

DISENGAGE
If you start the round within 5 feet of opponent you can see, move away from him without provoking an opportunity attack.

DODGE
Until start of your next turn. You have Adv on DEX saving throws and if you can see the attacker attacks against you have Disad.

HELP
Help ally attack opponent within 5 feet of you. His first attack roll is made with Adv. Or you can help him (has Adv) with any other task.

HIDE
If you can’t be seen, make a DEX (Stealth) check to hide. Your check must beat your opponent’s WIS (Perception) check.

SEARCH
Use your action to attempt to find something. The DM might require you to make a Wisdom check or an Intelligence check.

USE AN OBJECT
An object may require an action for you to use it, or you may need to use this action to interact with more than one object in a round.

READIED ACTION
Instead of an action during your turn, wait for some specific event. Then take your action as a reaction. You can still move up to your speed, but you can take no other action this round.

1) Must say what the triggering event will be. Can be anything you think might happen that you can observe. If the event occurs before the start of your turn on the next round you can perform your readied action at that time.
2) Must say what action you will take. This can be any of the combat actions. (Note that this action will be a reaction and you can only have one reaction per round. This means that if you take another reaction, you lose your readied action. Conversely, if you use your readied action you can have no other reactions this round.)
   - If the triggering event occurs, you can choose to not take your readied action.
   - Dash: You can move up to your speed.
   - Cast a Spell: Cast the spell during your turn but hold off on releasing the energy of the spell until the triggering event. You must concentrate to hold the spell’s energy. If something breaks your concentration, the spell is lost. If the triggering event doesn’t occur this round, you can continue to hold the spell with continued concentration into the following round, or you can cast it as an action on your next turn, or you can lose it.

IMPROVISED ACTION
Anything not covered by any of the above actions.
1. You must explain the improvised action to the DM. The DM may rule that what you want to do will require more than one round, or that it is simply impossible. The DM may ask you to be more specific regarding the action you want to take and how the action will achieve the results you want.
2. The improvised action can also include all or part of your move. Successfully jumping on a creature will give you advantage on the attack roll. A failed attempt results in your move stopping at the point where the attack takes place and may grant your opponent Adv on his next attack against you.
3. To perform the improvised action the DM will normally have you make an ability check. The DM will assign an appropriate difficulty class and will explain possible consequences if the attempted action fails. For example, if you attempt to jump off of the balcony onto the monster in the center of the room and miss you may end up prone.

* Components: Retrieving a material (M) component is included in the spell’s action. If the spell also has a somatic (S) component, you can perform required hand gestures while holding the material component in the same hand. If you are holding two weapons, you can sheath one weapon and then draw the material component and cast the spell all in the same round. [A material component is not consumed with the casting of the spell, unless otherwise specified]